

EndNote for Thesis and Publications Writing

Version 20 for Mac

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Mac Versions X9.3.2 and above

- From late 2019, Apple no longer supported 32 bit software and EndNote Mac changed to a 64 bit program. This means libraries created in Mac version X9.3.2 and above are no longer compatible with earlier Mac versions or Word versions X9.3.2 or earlier.
- If you upgrade to Mac version X9.3.2 or above, you can **only open libraries created in this** version or above or on Windows version X9.3.3 and above.
- If you are using the Catalina OS or above, you **must** upgrade to this version.
- Libraries created in older versions will be converted when opened in the newest version.
 However, once converted, libraries will no longer open in earlier versions. This process can not be reversed. Always create backups of your libraries before upgrading.
- Libraries from different versions can be shared using EndNote Online. Further information is available from https://web.library.uq.edu.au/research-tools-techniques/referencing-software/endnote/using-endnote/syncing-and-sharing-your-endnote-library

Upgrading to New Versions:

- It is not always necessary to upgrade to latest version. In most cases, the previous version will be fine to use.
- If upgrading, always create a backup of your libraries first.
- When to upgrade to a new version:-
 - > You are two or three versions behind the most recent one.
 - There have been significant improvements/changes with the new version.
 - You have been having issues with an older version.
 - You have upgraded your device.
 - Your current version is no longer compatible with updated versions of Microsoft Word or your operating system.

Checking For Updates:

1. In EndNote, click on the **EndNote 20** option in the top, left corner of the screen.



- 2. Click on the **Check for updates** option.
- 3. Follow on the on screen prompts.

Backing Up Your Library

- Save 3 copies in 3 locations
- Backing up weekly is recommended.
- Do not use your backups as your working library.
- Using the Compressed Library option in EndNote is recommended for creating backups.



Creating A Compressed Library:

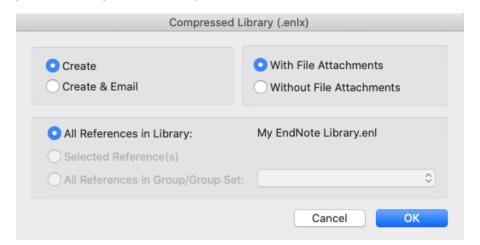
When an EndNote library is created, two files are produced. One has an .enl file extension eg. My Thesis Library.enl and the other is a folder with the same name but ending in .DATA eg. My Thesis Library.DATA. These files must remain together for your library to fully function.

Note: This option will not work for libraries that are 4GB or larger.

- 1. In EndNote, have your library open.
- 2. Click on File > Compressed Library.



3. A Compressed Library window will open. Click on OK.



- 4. Give your compressed library a name. For a backup, we recommend adding "Backup" and the date to the name eg. BACKUP My Thesis Library 3May2021. Click on **Save**.
- 5. The file will now be saved. Add to your backup locations.
- 6. To open the file, double click on it on any computer with EndNote installed.



Recommended:

- Post graduates have access to the UQ server which is backed up every day with a 30 day archive
- Internet based email account
 - Quarantine it from your online shopping, Facebook, banking etc.
 - o Computer hard drive
- Frequency of back up if at the discretion of the user, but it is recommended at least once a week

File Naming for your EndNote library:

- Make it descriptive but not too long or you may get an error message eventually
- No spaces in the file name. Use under scores or hyphen if you want to separate words or even capitalize the first word.
- Include the date in the filename when backing up, using the YY_MM_DD format. This lets you know the last time you backed up your library and also helps when sorting files.

Passwords:

- Minimum of 12 characters, alphanumeric with characters, upper and lower case
 - As an example Her\$t0n_L!br@ry951
 - The longer the password, the more variation on possibilities and the harder it is to "crack"

Note:

- Constantly assess the risks
- Evaluate the inconvenience and stress of losing your data/thesis/EndNote library
- Evaluate your security measures regularly
- Make sure you don't breach any ethics approval with your Research Data Management

Cloud Storage:

Examples: iCloud, Dropbox, OneDrive, Google Drive, UQRDM

- **Do not work on your EndNote library from a cloud storage drive**. Issues such as corrupted libraries can occur.
- Cloud storage can be used as storage, eg. backing up, or as a way of accessing your EndNote library from different locations.
- To work on your EndNote library from cloud storage, first download it or copy it to your local device. You can then work on it. When finished, add the saved version back to your cloud storage.



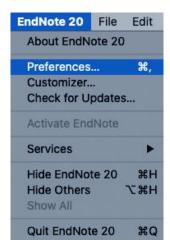
Setting Preferences in EndNote:

Changing Display Fields:

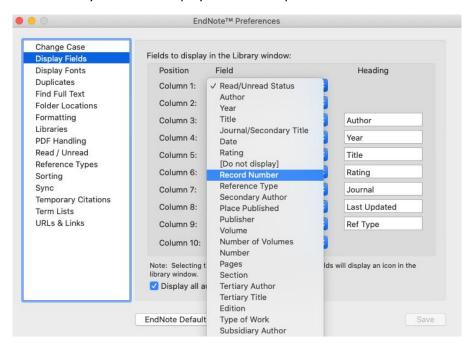
1. You can change which fields display in your library. For example, it is useful to know the unique record number of each reference.



2. Go to EndNote 20> Preferences > click on Display Fields.



3. Choose which field you want to display from the drop down menu of each column.

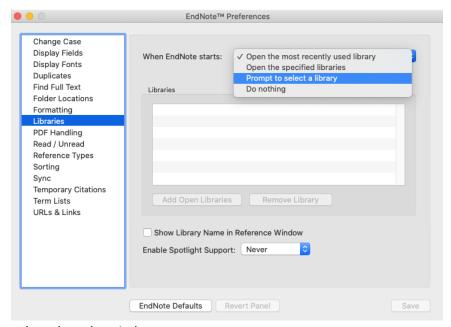


4. Click on **Save** then close the window.



Changing How Libraries Open:

- 1. By default, when you open EndNote, the last library you had open will be displayed.
- 2. If you work with multiple libraries and don't wish to accidently add imports to the wrong library, you can change this setting through the **Preferences**.
- 3. Go to EndNote 20> Preferences and click on Libraries.
- 4. From the When EndNote starts drop down menu, select the Prompt to select a library option.



5. Click on Save then close the window.

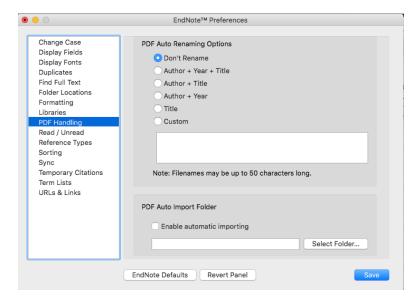
Adding Automatic PDF Imports:

You can set EndNote to automatically import a PDF when it is added to a specific folder.

NOTE: Not all PDFs will import fully.

- 1. Go to EndNote 20> Preferences.
- In the Preferences window, click on PDF Handling.
 In the PDF Auto Import Folder section, check the Enable automatic importing box.





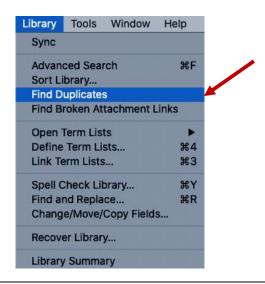
- 3. You will be asked to select which folder you wish to use. Choose your folder.
- 4. Click on OK.
- 5. Note: It will automatically import a PDF into the currently open library. If EndNote is not open, it will import the PDF the next time EndNote is opened (either into most recently opened library or EndNote will ask which one, depending on your settings).

Cleaning Up Your EndNote Library

Remove Duplicates:

Before using EndNote with Word

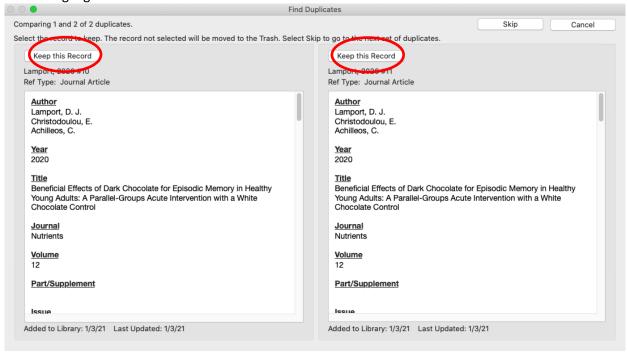
- 1. Highlight the first reference, and press [Command] + A on the keyboard to highlight all the terms.
- 2. Go to **References** in the top grey menu bar and choose **Find Duplicates** from the drop down menu.





Removing One By One:

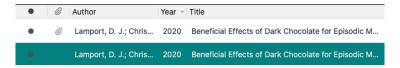
1. If you have duplicates in your library, EndNote will ask you which one you wish to keep. It will highlight where there are differences.



2. Carefully check each record and choose the one you want to keep by clicking **Keep This Record**. You can also click on **Skip** to more on to the next one without removing either record.

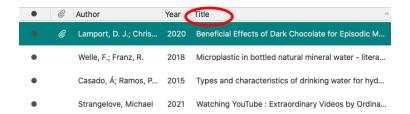
Bulk Removal:

- 1. If you have a lot of duplicates (which sometimes happens, especially when doing a systematic review), choose the **Cancel** option.
- 2. EndNote will then highlight **ALL** your duplicates and you will be able to drag and drop them into **Trash**.



Always check that all duplicates have been removed by sorting your EndNote library by article title (click on **Title** in the grey menu bar and references will be sorted by article title).





Tidying Your References:

Corporate Author:

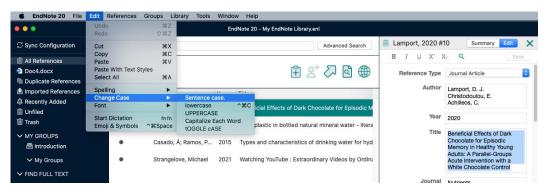
Make sure corporate authors names eg. government departments, company names, are followed by a comma ie. **World Health Organization,** otherwise they will display like this: Organization, W.H.

Capitalisation:

• Ensure article titles are **NOT** in capital letters in your EndNote library.

To correct article titles displaying in capital letters:

- 1. Double-click on the reference in EndNote.
- 2. Highlight the article title and click on **Edit** in the menu bar and choosing **Change Case** then **Sentence Case**.
- 3. Close your reference.



Entering Author (Editor etc) Names:

• If you have manually added references to EndNote, ensure each author name is on a separate line.

Updating References:

- Sometimes when references are exported from a database, they may not contain all the details eg. very new, published online first.
- EndNote can check if there have been any updates for a reference.
- This can also be used to add reference information for incomplete PDF imports. Just copy either the article title or DOI into the references and **Save**.



How to check for updates:

- 1. Highlight the references you wish to check.
- Click on References > Find Reference Updates or right click and choose Find Reference Updates.
- 3. If EndNote finds any updates, a window will appear, listing the reference and any updates. The differences are highlighted.
- 4. You can then choose to update all fields, update empty fields or edit the reference. You can also skip references if you don't wish to make any changes.
- 5. Make the changes as required.

Using Sync:

- EndNote's **Sync** function uses EndNote Online, a cloud based version.
- You need to first create an account with EndNote Online before you can use Sync.
- Syncing can be used for backup, for collaboration or for accessing your library from two different computers.
- Sync works with only one library and only one EndNote online account.
- Your sync library can be shared with up to 100 other EndNote users.
- Before syncing for the first time, create a backup using the Compressed Library option in EndNote.

Creating An EndNote Online Account:

Access to EndNote Online is free as part of UQ's subscription to EndNote.

Using a UQ Computer:

- 1. Go to EndNote online at http://www.myEndNoteweb.com/
- 2. Register using your UQ email address and choose a password.

Using Your Personal Device:

- 1. Go to the **Web of Science** database via the UQ Library website and access it using your UQ username and password.
- 2. In Web of Science, click on Sign in and select Register.



3. Once you have registered, you will be able to access EndNote online using that account.

Using EndNote on Two Different Computers:

- You can use this between Windows & Mac platforms. Note: This can only be done for ONE library.
- 2. On your first machine, open the EndNote library you wish to use and sync it with EndNote Online.
- 3. Note the name of the library they need to be exactly the same on the two computers.



- 4. On your second computer, open EndNote and create a new library with exactly the same name as the library on your first computer.
- 5. Sync the library on your second computer with EndNote Online by clicking on the Sync button.



- A window will appear asking you to enter EndNote Online credentials. Click on OK.
- 7. The synced library's references and groups will now be added to the library on your second library.
- 8. The computers will now sync to EndNote Online every 15 minutes and when you close it automatically. (This can be changed in **EndNote 20> Preferences > Sync**).

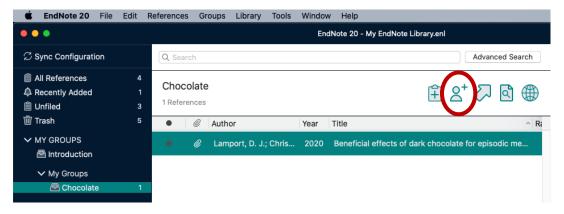
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Qv8O0E5cR0

How To Share An EndNote Library:

- There is no limit to the size of the library or cloud storage.
- All users must have EndNote Online accounts.
- Be aware of copyright considerations. Do not share attachments with people outside your organization as they may not have access to these PDFs. You are responsible for the attachments in your library.

Sharing A Library:

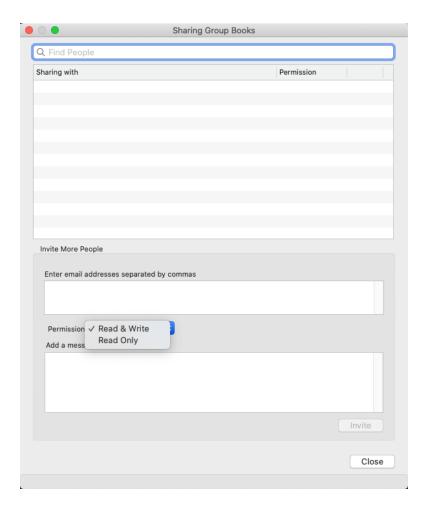
- 1. Sync the library you wish to share with your EndNote Online account. The library must be fully synced before you start sharing it.
- 2. Invite members of your group using the **Share Library** button in EndNote.



- 3. If you aren't already signed in to EndNote Online, you will be asked to log in.
- 4. Enter the email addresses of those you wish to invite. You can invite people at any time. This window also allows you to remind people who haven't accepted an invitation or remove people from sharing the library.

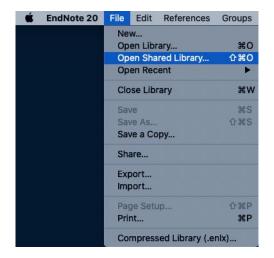


5. Set the type of access people will have to the shared library. You can select **read-write** or **read-only**.



- 6. People who are invited will receive an email with a link to accept the invitation. The link will take them to a page where they can sign in with their EndNote Online credentials or sign up for an account.
- 7. A message will appear confirming that the shared library is then available.
- 8. The group members can then access the shared library by going to EndNote and to **File > Open Shared Library.** A list of the libraries that been shared with that group member will appear.





- 9. Select the library to be used and a local copy will be opened.
- 10. All (EndNote X8 and above) users will be able to view the activity feed for the shared library. It shows the last 500 activities in reverse, chronological order.
- 11. Any activity that appears in bold indicates that more information is available by clicking on it.
- 12. What users are able to do will depend on the permissions you set in the invitation to share. Users with read-write access can add, change or delete references, attachments, PDF annotations and groups. Read-only access users will only be able to view the shared library. Changes will be synced for all group members to view.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z2WhHJBQeFc

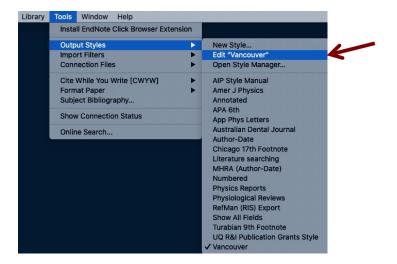
Editing Output Styles

Many journals have a specific referencing style. Numerous journal styles are available for EndNote. Additional styles can be downloaded from https://endnote.com/downloads/styles/

ALWAYS rename your style before editing.

- 1. Go to Edit > Output Styles > Open Style Manager
- 2. Select style you wish to edit.





3. The style will open. Save selected style with a new name **File > Save As**.





There are different options in the column of the left where you can make changes to a style. You can edit the style globally, the citations, the bibliography (reference list) or the footnotes.

About This Style Punctuation Anonymous Works Page Numbers Journal Names Sections ▼ Citations Templates **Ambiguous Citations Author Lists** Author Name Numbering Sort Order ▼ Bibliography Templates Field Substitutions Layout Sort Order Categories Author Lists **Author Name** Editor Lists Editor Name Title Capitalization **▼** Footnotes Templates **Author Lists** Author Name **Editor Lists** Editor Name Field Substitutions Repeated Citations Title Capitalization ▼ Figures & Tables Figures Tables Separation & Punctuation

Format Page Numbers:

• Click on Page Numbers – choose option required – save style

About This Style Punctuation Anonymous Works Page Numbers Journal Names Sections ▼ Citations Templates Ambiguous Citations	Page Number Format Don't change page numbers Show only the first page number (e.g. 123) Abbreviate the last page number (e.g. 123-5) Abbreviate the last page, keeping two digits (e.g. 123-25) Show the full range of pages (e.g. 123-125) Show only the first page for journals, full range for others
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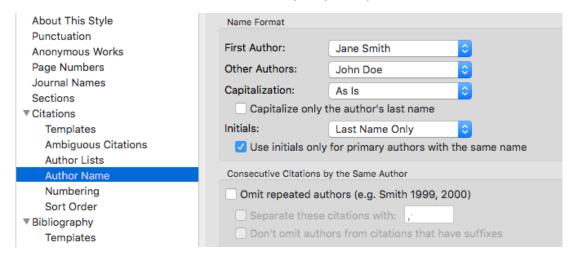
Format Number of Authors Listed in Citation:

• Click on **Author Lists** – choose required option



Format How Authors Appear in Citation If Have Same Last Name:

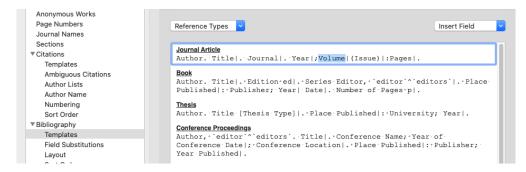
• Go to Author Name – choose Use initials only for primary authors with the same name





Volume of the journal article to bold:

Go to Bibliography > Templates > Journal Article > highlight Volume and click on Edit > Font > Bold



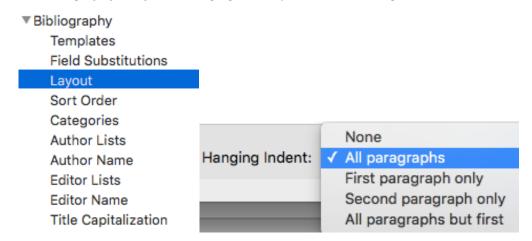
Author name to be capitalised:

Go to Bibliography > Author name > select from pick list



Hanging indents in your bibliography:

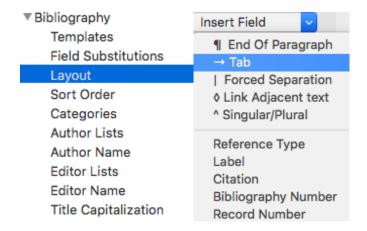
• Go to **Bibliography > Layout > Hanging indent** pick list (bottom right)



Inserting a tab after a hanging indent

• Go to Insert field > use pick-list to select Tab (arrow symbol)





Journals Term List

Note:

- Used to maintain the consistency and accuracy of journal titles and abbreviations
- Some citation formats use abbreviations for the journal name rather than the full journal name.
 EndNote uses the Journals Term List to substitute abbreviated journal titles for full journal titles.
- The Journals Term List allows for both the full and abbreviated titles to be entered, enabling you
 to switch between them depending on your output style.
- EndNote comes with a range of ready-made journal term lists, e.g. Bioscience, Chemical, Law, Medical and Humanities that can be imported into your library.
- They are located under **Applications > EndNote 20 > Terms**. (e.g. "Australian Journal of Earth Sciences") and two forms of abbreviation one with and the other without periods/full stops (e.g. "Aust. J. Earth Sci" and "Aust J Earth Sci").

When To Use Term Lists:

- To maintain consistency of journal titles.
- When your referencing style requires abbreviated journal names in your bibliography.
- When you import references from a database where the titles have appeared in abbreviated form, and your referencing style requires the full journal title.

Look at video and steps on importing terms list:

http://libguides.mg.edu.au/content.php?pid=587153&sid=5094791

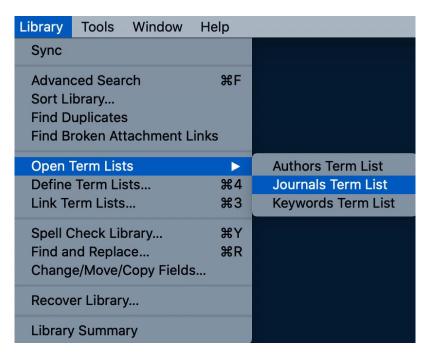
EXAMPLE: Rockwood K, Graham JE, Fay S. Goal setting and attainment in Alzheimer's disease patients treated with donepezil. **J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry** [Internet]. 2002 [cited 2009 Mar 7];73(5):500-7. *The full title of the journal is* **Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry**

Installing a Journal Title Abbreviations Term List:

Import and Edit the Journal Term List:

1. In EndNote, go to Library > Open Term Lists > Journals Term List.

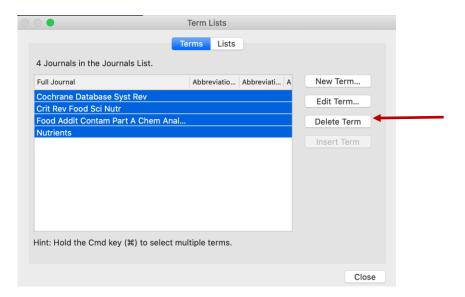




2. Highlight the first journal. Press [Command]+A to highlight all journals in the list.

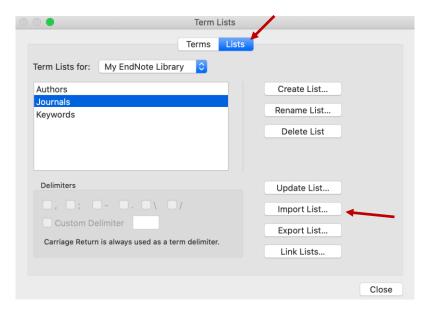
Note: If the Journal Terms List is empty, skip to step 4.

3. Press the **Delete Term** button to the right to empty the list of old terms.

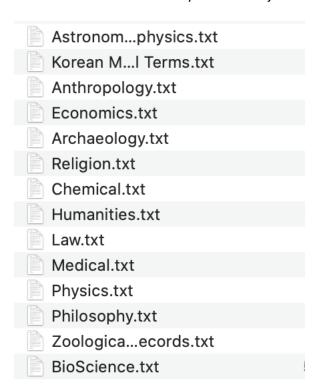


4. Go to the **Lists** tab at the top, and click on the **Import List** button.





- 5. It should open the relevant place. If not, go to Hard Drive > Applications > EndNote 20 > Terms
- 6. Select a file name that is likely to have the journals for your field of study/research



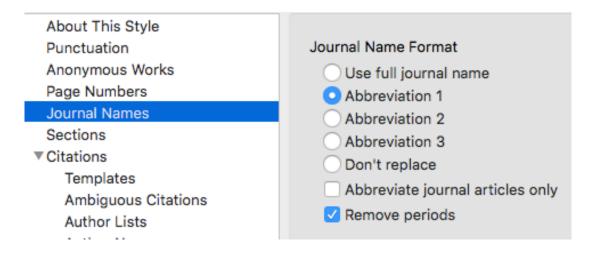
- 7. Click **Choose** to import the journal names and abbreviations from the file into the Journals Term List.
- 8. To ensure the list is up to date, press **Update List.** This will add journal titles from the citation in your library.
- 9. To edit the list to add or modify journal name/abbreviations, go to the **Terms** tab **> Select** the journal you wish to edit **>** go to **Edit Terms...** Click **OK** to save the edited term.



10. Click **Close** to finalise your journal terms list changes

Modifying The Output Style So the Abbreviated Journal Name Is Used:

- Make sure the style is using the correct substitution. Go to Tools> Output Styles > Open Style
 Manager.
- 2. In the list of styles, highlight the style you are using and click the **Edit** button.
- 3. Click on Journal Names on the left.
- 4. Make sure the style is using the full journal name or one of the abbreviations as needed.



Please note: Only use 1 term list at a time to avoid the problems associated with duplicate titles.

Combining Different Libraries

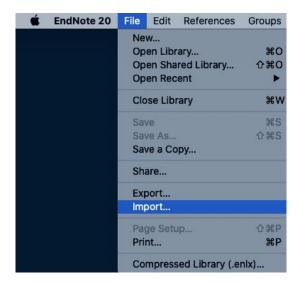
Note: You should always only use one library with one Word document. Using multiple libraries within one Word document can cause corruptions and other issues.

Importing One Library Into Another:

Do this PRIOR to adding references into a Word document.

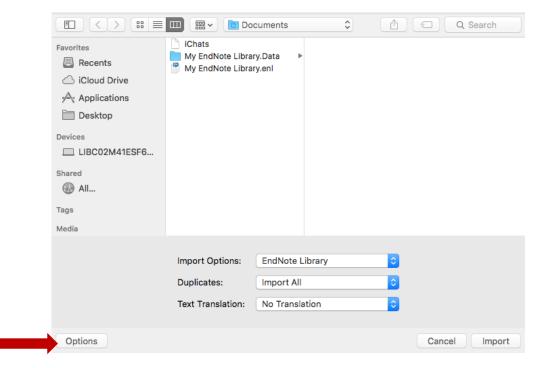
- 1. Open your library.
- 2. Go to File > Import





3. From the window that opens, choose the library you wish to import. In the **Import Option**, choose **EndNote Library**.

NOTE: Click on the Options button if you don't see the Import Option etc



- 4. Click on Import.
- All of the references of that library should now be imported and appearing in the library.

Adding References From Another Library:

Do this PRIOR to using any references in a Word document.

1. Open both libraries in EndNote.



2. Highlight the reference(s) you wish to add to the other library. Click on **References > Copy References to > choose the library**.

OR

Manually resize both open library windows so you can view references in both. Highlight the reference(s) you wish to add and drag and drop them into the second library.

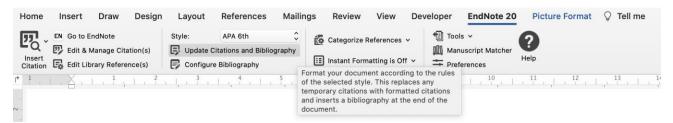
Note that the record number is different in the new library.

Merging Chapters

- 1. Make sure all your chapters are backed up.
- 2. Your EndNote library must be open.
- 3. In Word, convert citations to unformatted in each chapter.
- 4. Click on **EndNote 20** at the top, right of the window. Select **Tools > Convert to Unformatted Citations**.



- 5. Open a new, blank document and save it.
- 6. Copy and paste each chapter into the new document in the order required.
- 7. Place cursor at the end of the document and click on the **EndNote 20** tools. Click on **Update Citations and Bibliography.**



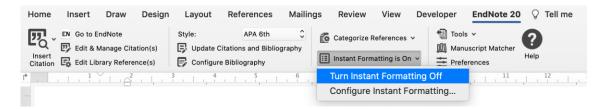
Instant Formatting

When your document gets large, each time you enter a new reference it will take a long time to update because it has to format the entire document with Cite While You Write.

To prevent this:

- 1. In Word, go to the EndNote 20 tools. Click on **Tools** and choose **Convert to Unformatted Citations**.
- 2. In the **Instant Formatting is On** option, click on the drop down arrow and select the **Turn Instant Formatting Off** option.





- 3. This will stop the document having to reformat each time you enter a new reference. It will show them in the unformatted style eg. {Connors, 2016 #36}.
- 4. To turn the instant formatting back on, click on the drop down menu again and select the **Instant Formatting is On** option.
- 5. The unformatted citations should again update to the formatted version. If this doesn't happen, try clicking on **Update Citations and Bibliography**.

Using References in Text Boxes:

https://support.clarivate.com/Endnote/s/article/EndNote-Citation-numbers-out-of-order?language=en US

- This affects numbered styles the most.
- In-text references added to text boxes will not appear in the correct numbered sequence. This is because EndNote will format in-text references in text boxes **first.** They will appear at the top of your reference list.
- You need to use Frames rather than text boxes.

Creating Reference List at End of Each Chapter

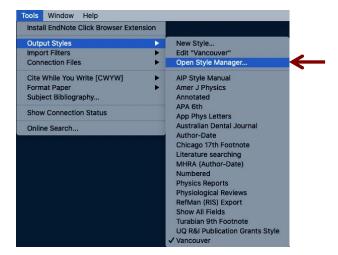
- 1. Modifying the output style is required.
- 2. Include section breaks at the end of each chapter in your manuscript.

Note: This cannot be done if you are using section breaks elsewhere in your document.

Modify the Style:

- 1. From the EndNote Library, go to **Tools > Output Styles > Open Style Manager**.
- 2. Choose the style you wish to modify (e.g. Vancouver). Then choose **Edit**.

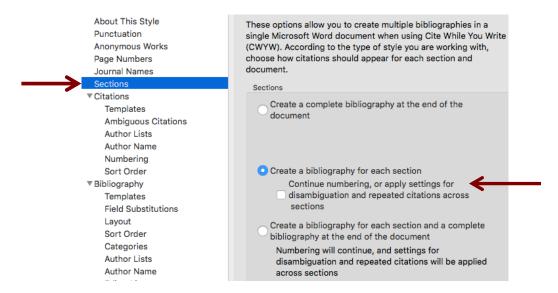




3. Click **File > Save As** to save and rename the modified style e.g. Vancouver (Sections). Repeat Steps 1 & 2, but this time opening your newly name style. Then move onto Step 4.

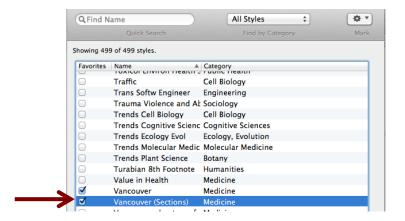


- 4. From the left-hand column, select **Sections**.
- 5. Check Create a bibliography for each section.



- 6. Save the style by clicking on **File > Save.** Close the style window.
- 7. Go to **Tools > Output Styles > Open Style Manager** and choose your new style to include in your list of preferred output styles.



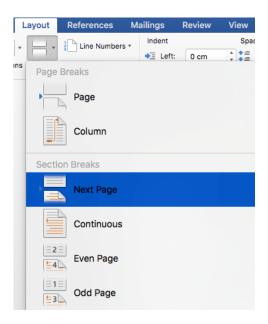


8. This style should now also appear in your EndNote Toolbar in Word. If it doesn't, select the style from the Style Manager.

Note: You may be lucky to avoid this first step, as the EndNote program does include variations of styles for sections eg. APA 6th – sections. Check the list in the Style Manager to see if your style has a sections version.

Adding Section Breaks in Word:

- 1. In Word, ensure all citations are unformatted. Place your cursor at the end of the first chapter.
- 2. Insert a section break by clicking on Layout > Breaks > Next Page.



- 3. Repeat for each chapter or as needed.
- 4. Go to the EndNote toolbar in Word. Ensure that your sections style is in the **Style** box. If not, select it. Click on **Update Citations and Bibliography.**





Using Track Changes and EndNote

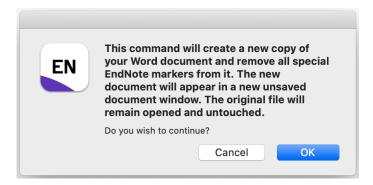
- Using track changes in conjunction with EndNote is **not recommended**.
- It can cause issues such as Word tools disappearing, Word freezes when attempting to use Word tools or the wrong references may be linked in a document.
- Best option to avoid potential issues convert document to plain text and send that version to your supervisor.

How to Convert to Plain Text:

- 1. Make sure your document is saved.
- Go to the EndNote 20 tools in Word. Click on Tools and choose the Convert to Plain Text option.



3. A message box will appear explaining it will create a copy that is plain text while keeping the EndNote linked version.



- 4. Save the untitled plain text copy. Give it a name that identifies it as the plain text version eg. PDF_chapter_1_plain_text.
- Send the plain text copy to your supervisor where they can use track changes.
- Manually make required changes to EndNote linked document.
- Repeat with new plain text version each time the document is sent to your supervisor.



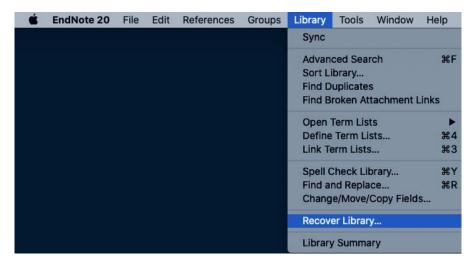
EndNote Disaster Recovery: My EndNote library is damaged or deleted

- The best way to avoid a disaster is to have backup copies of your document, EndNote library and data folder.
- If your backups are on cloud storage, copy the files to a local drive before opening them.

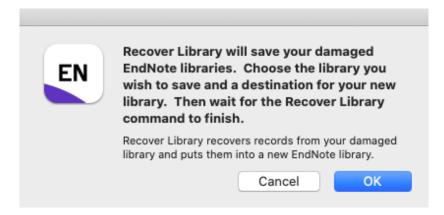
Using the Recover Library Function:

The **Recover Library** function can, in many cases, be used to repair a corrupted library.

- 1. Close the library if it is currently open.
- 2. In EndNote, go to **Tools** and click on **Recover Library**.



3. A window will appear explaining what EndNote is about to do. Read the information then click **OK**.



- 4. You will then be asked to select the library that needs to be repaired. Click **Open**.
- 5. EndNote creates a copy of the library with the suffix "-Saved" added to the file name. Open this file and the library should be restored.



Rebuilding a Library from the .Data file:

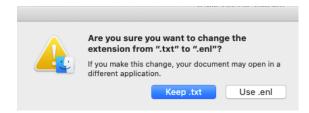
Try this option if you have accidently deleted the .enl file of your library. If you still have the .Data file, you should be able to rebuild your library. Also try this option if the **Recover Library** option in EndNote didn't work.

- 1. Move the .Data folder to a new location.
- 2. Open the **TextEdit** program from **Applications**.



TextEdit

3. Use **Save** to create an empty file with exactly the same name as the data folder. Change the file extension from .txt to .enl in Finder by clicking on **File > Rename**. Make sure the new file is saved in the same directory as the .Data folder.



- 4. Click on Use .enl
- 5. Open the newly created .enl file by double clicking on it and the library should be open in EndNote.

Rebuilding a Library With The Traveling Library:

This can be used if you have lost both your .enl and .Data files.

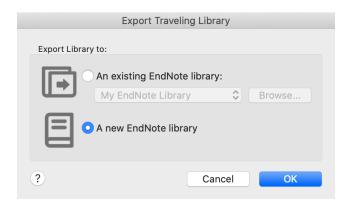
If you have a Word document that contains some or all of your lost references, you can use the **Traveling Library** tool to recover the references in the Word document and recreate an EndNote library.

- 1. Open the Word document that contains the references you wish to use to rebuild your library.
- Go to the EndNote 20 tools and click on the Tools drop down menu. Select Export Traveling Library.

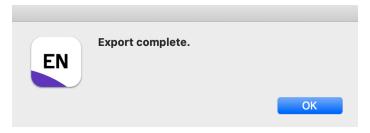


You can choose to export the library to an existing one or a new one. Choose the A new EndNote library option.





4. Name and save the new library. Once all the references have been exported, an **Export complete** message will appear.



5. You can now open the library you created in EndNote.

Note: The record numbers of the references will have changed and none of the PDFs or groups will be restored.

Configuring EndNote Direct Export for Mac:

Instruction sheet and video

https://web.library.uq.edu.au/research-tools-techniques/referencing/referencing-software/EndNote/using-EndNote/configuring-mac-import-EndNote

Help

- Contact your librarian. Their details can be found at
 - o https://web.library.ug.edu.au/library-services/liaison-librarians
- AskUs:-
 - Available UQ Library opening hours (check website for current hours)
 - o Email: askus@library.uq.edu.au
- UQ Library EndNote Help
 - https://web.library.uq.edu.au/research-tools-techniques/referencing/referencingsoftware/EndNote/using-EndNote
- Clarivate Analytics EndNote Help
 - o http://clarivate.libguides.com/endnote training/home