



NVivo: 12Pro Essentials for Getting Started Qualitative Data Analysis

Course objectives:

Making content into data

- Create a Project
- Working with Documents and Datasets
- Understand coding nodes and cases
- Explore and analyse data
- Use Visualisation tools

Student Training and Support

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Table of Contents

NVIVO: 12Pro		3
Exercise 1.	Access NVIVO	3
Getting Started	l	3
Exercise 2.	Create a new project	3
The NVIVO interface		
Exercise 3.	Building a Mind Map	4
Exercise 4.	Open a project	6
Exercise 5.	Nodes from a Mindmap	7
Exercise 6.	Add file structure	8
Working with D	Oata	8
Exercise 7.	Prepare Content	8
Exercise 8.	Import Content	9
Coding Nodes a	and Cases	11
Exercise 9.	Coding to new nodes	11
Exercise 10.	Display Coding	12
Exercise 11.	Coding to existing nodes	12
Exercise 12.	View Node Coding	13
Exercise 13.	Auto Coding – Nodes	13
Exercise 14.	View Node References	14
Exercise 15.	Merge Nodes	15
Exercise 16.	Auto coding - Cases	
Exercise 17.	Survey results and other datasets	17
Querying Data.		20
Exercise 18.	Create a Matrix Coding Query	20
Exercise 19.	'Word Frequency' Query	22
Exercise 20.	Create a Word Query	23
Visualisation To	ools	25
Exercise 21.	Diagrams	25
Extension Exerc	cises	27
Memos, anno	otations and links	27
Exercise 22.	Create a Memo	27
Exercise 23.	Link a Memo	27
Exercise 24.	Annotations	28
Exercise 25	Adding a "see also" link	29

Exercise files: Go to https://web.library.uq.edu.au/library-services/training/training-resources



NVIVO: 12Pro

NVIVO is designed to facilitate common qualitative techniques for organising, analysingand sharing data in a research project. NVivo can help you manage, explore and discover patterns in your data but it cannot replace your analytical expertise.

Exercise 1. Access NVIVO

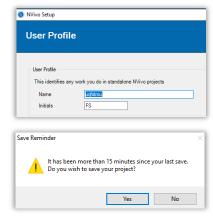
- 1. Double-click the Nvivo 12 icon
- 2. Complete profile details, if prompted
- 3. Add your initials.

These will be used to identifyy your edits as you progress

4. Click on OK

During your session you will receive on-screen prompts to save your progress. The save time can be changed via **File** (tab) – **Options** – **Notifications** (tab)





Getting Started

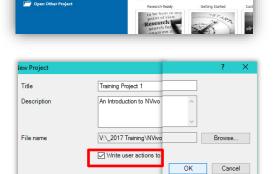
Exercise 2.

Create a new project

- 1. Click on the Blank project option
- 2. Complete project details
- 3. Click **Browse** to save project to your preferred location.

Note: If you are collaborating with other users it is advisable to tick the checkbox to Write user actions to project event log

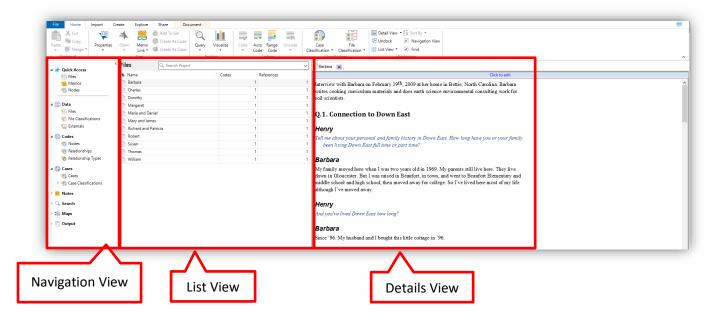
4. Click on OK



NVivo 12 Pro



The NVIVO interface



Exercise 3. Building a Mind Map

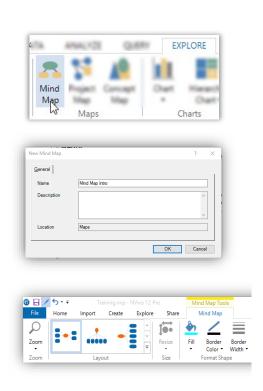
When considering topics that may be present in your data you can create a mind map to visually explore potential concepts. These can be used as a brainstorming tool for Planning your node hierarchy, during analysis to explore how people talk about a topic or to plan how you will tell the story of your research.

a. Create a Mind map

- 1. Click on the Explore tab and click Mind Map
- 2. Enter a Name: Mind Map Intro
- 3. Add a Description (Optional)
- 4. Click on OK

Note the location "Maps" found in the Navigation view towards the bottom

A new tab for Mind Map tools will appear in the ribbon



NVIVO 12 Pro: Essentials for Getting Started

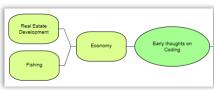


5. Double click map Core Idea to enter text "Early thoughts on coding"

- 6. Click on Child Idea button
- 7. Add the text **Economy**
- 8. Repeat step 6 to add the child idea Real Estate **Development** to the Economy idea



- 9. Click on the Sibling Idea button
- 10. Add the text Fishing



11. Continue to create the Mind Map as shown:

Select Fishing: Add **Child** = Commercial Fishing

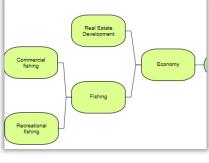
Select Commercial Fishing Add Sibling = Recreational Fishing

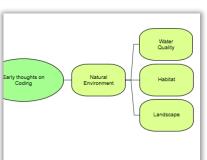
Select core object: Add **Child** = Natural Environment

Select Natural Environment: Add Child = Water Quality

Select Water quality: Add **Sibling** = Habitat

Add **Sibling** = Landscape





- 1. Click the Floating Idea Button on the Mind Map tab
- Mind Map Tools MIND MAP + 10 Floating Create As Nodes

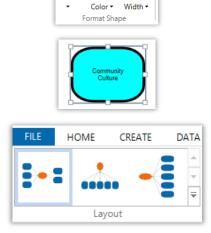
2. Add the text Community Culture





Border

- 3. Click on the Fill button
- 4. Click on the Border Colour button
- 5. Click on the Border Width button
- 6. Select a wider border for the idea object
- 7. Select a layout for the Mind Map in the ribbon



Border

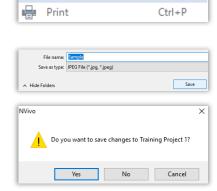
b. Mind Map Output

- 1. Right click in mind map area
- 2. Select **Export Map**

Alternatively

- Click Share tab Export
- 3. Enter details to save Mind Map as a static image
- 4. Click on Save
- 5. Click on File in ribbon
- 6. Select Close

Save project if prompted



Ctrl+A

Ctrl+Shift+E

Select All

Export Map...

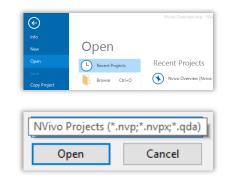
Exercise 4. Open a project

A standalone project is a .nvp file saved on your computer or on a network drive.

- 1. Click the File tab
- 2. Click Open.

Note: Ensure **NVivo Projects** from the **File** or **Project type** list is displayed

- 3. Locate and select project you want to open.
- 4. Click Open.

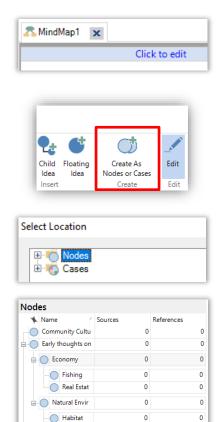




Exercise 5. Nodes from a Mindmap

Nodes are like containers that hold all the content about a particular theme or topic in your project

- a. Create Nodes from a mindmap
 - 1. Open Training Project 1
 - 2. Go to Maps
 - 3. Double click MindMap Intro
 - 4. On the Mind Map tab click Create as Nodes or Cases
 - 5. Select the Nodes folder
 - 6. Click on OK
 - 7. Click on **Nodes** in Navigation view
 Empty nodes are created based on the Mind Map structure.

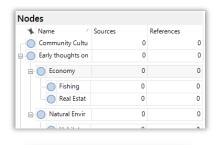


b. **Edit Nodes** - Nodes can be deleted or re-arranged. If a parent node is to be deleted but the child nodes retained, the child nodes need to be allocated a new parent node in the first instance.

If we wish to delete the Early thoughts on Coding node we will need to re-allocate all the child nodes below it.

- 1. Click on **Economy** node
- 2. Hold Ctrl and Click on Natural environment node
- 3. Drag these selected nodes over the Nodes folder in the Codes area of the Navigation View

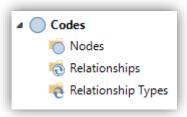
Note: If you drag into the Quick Access area at the top of the Navigation view you will create Shortcuts to the nodes. If you do this and wish to remove the shortcut right mouse click the shortcuts and choose Remove from Quick Access



Landscap
Water Qu

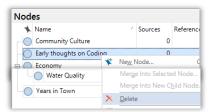
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0





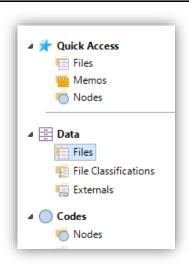
- Right click on the Early thoughts on coding node in the List View
- 5. Select Delete
- 6. Click on Yes to confirm deletion

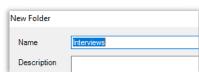


Exercise 6. Add file structure

- 1. Navigate to **Data**
- 2. Right Click Files
- 3. Select New Folder

- 4. Enter Interviews in the Name area
- 5. Repeat for Survey Data





Working with Data

Exercise 7. *Prepare Content*



This exercise uses Microsoft word and is preparation of data prior to importing into a project although styles can be added to a document within NVivo

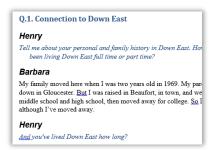
- Open Barbara.docx in Interviews folder in File Explorer
- 2. Apply heading styles to the Interview text:
 - Heading 1 Question 1
 - Heading 2 Names (Henry and Barbara)
 - Interviewer Questions asked





3. Save and Close Barbara.docx

Adding styles to your text in Microsoft word can improve how it is coded in NVivo

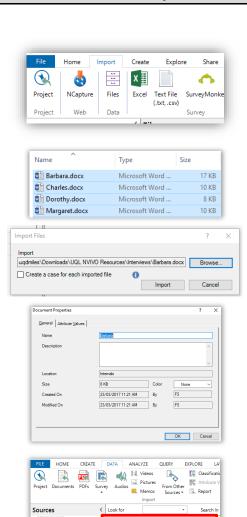


Exercise 8. Import Content

- a. Bring in a document
 - 1. Select Interviews folder
 - 2. Click the **Import** tab
 - 3. Click the Files button
 - 4. From the downloaded course files: Select All interviews in interviews folder
 - 5. Click on Open
 - 6. Click on Import
 - 7. Click on **OK** in the Document Properties window, if required

Note: Your files are added to the interviews folder

8. Doubleclick an interviewee to view content
As you access each source it will display in a tab of its own in the detail view pane. Click the cross to close a tab



Externals

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 10 of 29	NVIVO 12 Pro: Essentials for Getting Star
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Coding Nodes and Cases

Coding allows you to organize your sources for later data analysis. Applying coding to your content will organise text into certain nodes/containers. This is the start of the process to make your content into data. There are two approaches to *coding* source content

- Organise the data into broad topics then explore your nodes for each topic and do further coding
- 2 Perform detailed coding as you go through sources, creating nodes as you need them and later combining or grouping nodes into related categories.

Exercise 9. *Coding to new nodes*

a. Code data manually

- Double click to view the details of an interview (Barbara)
- 2. Highlight a line of text
- 3. Right click the selection
- 4. Select Code
- 5. Alternatively
- 6. Click Code on the Document tab
- 7. Click the New Node button
- 8. Enter a name for the node 'Years in Town'
- 9. Click on OK

Check the list of Data - Files. Coding has been added to the first interview

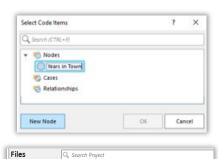
- 10. Repeat for another line of text
- 11. Add to the 'Years in Town' node

Check the list of Data - Files.

- 12. Open another interview (Charles)
- 13. Navigate to **Nodes**
- 14. Select text
- 15. Drag over node 'Years in town'
- 16. Repeat for another interview (Dorothy)















Exercise 10. Display Coding

This setting only applies to the data currently in view. It is not a global setting and will have to be switched on/off, as required, for every source opened.

- 1. Go to the **Document Tools Document** Tab
- 2. Click on Coding Stripes
- 3. Select Recent Coding

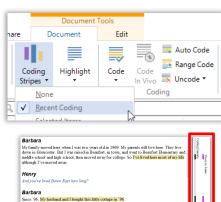
The **coding density** will display and the node will show with a bar to identify each reference. Click on the coding stripe to highlight your coding in the document

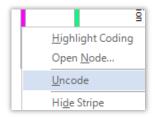


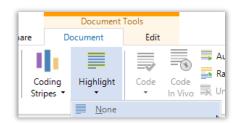
- 1. Right click on a coding stripe
- 2. Select Uncode

b. Remove highlight

- 3. Go to the **Document Tools Document** Tab
- 4. Click on the **Highlight** button
- 5. Select None







Exercise 11.

Coding to existing nodes

a. Code documents

- 1. Navigate to Data Files
- 2. Open a few interviews
- 3. Select some text
- 4. Right click on selected text
- 5. Select Code...

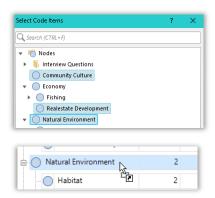




- 6. Hold Ctrl key to select nodes:
 - Community Culture
 - Realestate Development
 - Natural Environment
- 7. Click on **OK**

Check the Node hierarchy, coding has been added to the appropriate nodes

8. Repeat for other interview responses

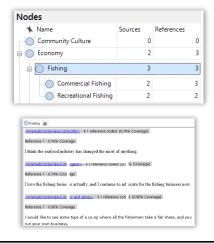


Exercise 12.

View Node Coding

- 1. Go to Nodes
- 2. Double Click to open Fishing
- 3. The node content will display each reference under a source link

The amount of the source coded is shown as a percentage. Click the blue link to open the source and view the coding



Exercise 13.

Auto Coding - Nodes



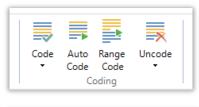
Please be aware this Autocoding in this way only works when using a PC. Autocoding is only available for Datasets (set out in columns and rows) if you use a MAC.

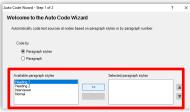
a. Based on structure

Autocoding by structure works based on styles, and the use of consistent use of styles is critical.

What we'd like to code are the responses to each question - In the sample data each question has the Heading 1 style applied and we can use this to autocode.

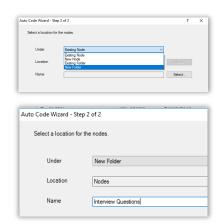
- 1. Navigate to Data Files
- 2. Select all the interviews
- 3. Go to the Home tab
- 4. Click on Auto Code
- 5. Autor Code Wizard will launch
- 6. Choose Paragraph styles and click Next
- 7. Click on the style to be coded Heading 1
- 8. Click the >> arrows to transfer right







- 9. Click on Next
- 10. Click the Under field
- 11. Select New Folder
- 12. Add a name Interview Questions
- 13. Click on Finish

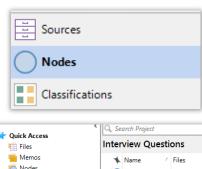


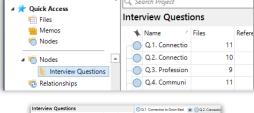
Exercise 14.

View Node References

Q.1. Connection to Down East

- Click **Nodes** in the Navigation view Double-click Nodes to expand if necessary
- 2. Click on **Interview Questions**References will be displayed in detail view
- 3. Double click on a question node Content will be dsplayed in the Details View
- 4. Click on the source link at the top of each reference to open the source
- 5. Scroll through the node questions to see the other coded source content





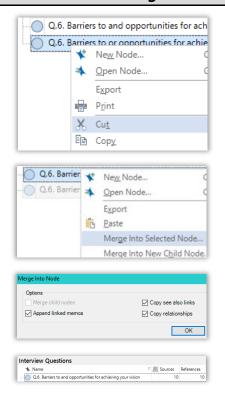




Exercise 15. *Merge Nodes*

- Right click on the last question in Nodes/Interview Questions
- 2. Select Cut
- 3. Right click on the last Q.6.
- 4. Select Merge into Selected Node
- 5. Click on OK

Check the sources and references totals have been merged



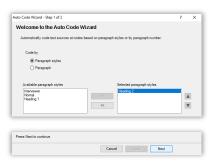
Working with Cases

Exercise 16. Auto coding - Cases

Cases are simply a different type of Node or container. Cases can help keep all data related to a given participant in one place. eg If you are doing a longitudinal study or are working with demographic data. What we'd like to code is every interviewee as a case – in the interview documents each speaker has the heading 2 style applied to their name

- 1. Select all the interviews in Data Files
- 2. Go to the Home tab
- 3. Click on Auto Code
- Choose Paragragh styles from the Auto Code Wizard
- 5. Click on Heading 1
- 6. Click the << arrows to transfer left
- 7. Click on the style to be coded Heading 2
- 8. Click the >> arrows to transfer right
- 9. Click on Next







- 10. Click the Under field
- 11. Select Existing Folder
- 12. Click on Select... next to the Name field
- 13. Select Cases
- 14. Click on OK
- 15. Click on Finish

b. Case organisation - Parent Node

- 1. Navigate to Cases in the navigator
- 2. Right click below list of case names
- 3. Select New Case
- 4. Add name Interviewer
- 5. Repeat steps 1-3 for Interviewee
- 6. Click on the marker alongside **Henry**
- 7. Drag over Interviewer
- 8. Repeat for Nancy, Linda and Elizabeth
- 9. Hold CTRL to select all other case names
- 10. Drag selection over Interviewee

c. Aggregation of data

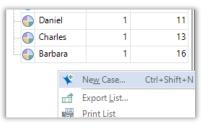
- 1. Right click on the Interviewer case
- 2. Select Aggregate coding from children

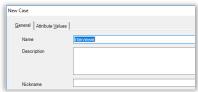
The totals for child sources and references will be displayed.

3. Repeat for the Interviewee case

This is a toggle option repeat to hide aggregation.

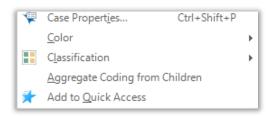














Exercise 17.

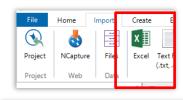
Survey results and other datasets

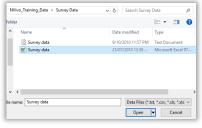


You cannot edit the contents of a dataset once it is imported

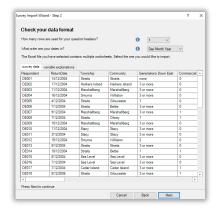
A dataset contains structured data arranged in columns and rows. One method of creating a new dataset in NVIVO is to import it from a spreadsheet, text file or database file.

- a. Bring in survey data
 - 1. Navigate to Data Files
 - 2. Click the Survey Data folder
 - 3. Click on the Excel button on the Import tab
 - 4. Select Survey data.xlsx
 - 5. Click on Open
 - 6. Confirm the survey wizard settings:
 - a. Respondents will be cases
 - b. Closed questions have attributes
 - c. Open questions are nodes
 - 7. Click on Next
 - 8. Check and confirm:
 - Question headers
 - Date format
 - The worksheet tab for data
 - 9. Click on Next











- 10. Confirm the destination for dataset cases
- 11. Indicate the column for a unique identifier for each item
- 12. Select Create new classification
- 13. Click on Next

- 14. Identify data questions type and import status
- 15. Click on Finish

Survey import results should all be checked

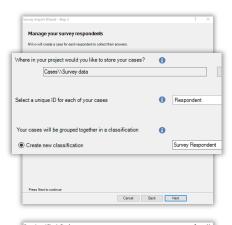
16. Click on Close to display data in details view

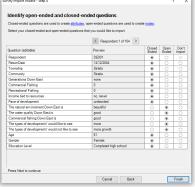
Data will display as an internal source and in list view
You cannot sort or filter by the first column. This is NVIVO's own added

Grey shaded columns are closed ended questions(*Classifying data*) White shaded columns are open ended responses (*Codable data*)

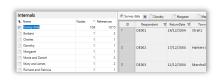
Survey data can be viewed in a table or by individual forms

17. Select the appropriate tab to change the view











18 of 29

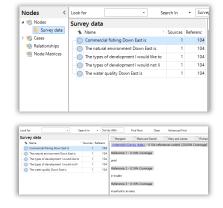


- b. Viewing imported Survey Dataset Nodes
 - 1. Click on Nodes in Navigation Pane
 - 2. Select Survey Data under Nodes

This displays the open ended questions the respondents were asked

 Double click the first node to display references in Detail view

Remember each Node will open in a new tab



- a. Viewing imported Survey Dataset Cases
 - 1. Click on Nodes in Navigation Pane
 - 2. Select Survey Data in Cases

This displays each respondent as a case and the references created from their open ended responses

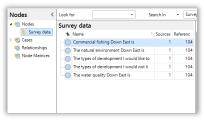
3. Double click a case with 4 references to display references in **Detail** view

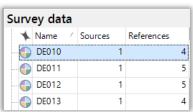
The references will be listed and the original can be displayed

4. Click the source link



The responses ca be viewed in detail.











Querying Data

Exercise 18.

Create a Matrix Coding Query

Matrix coding query can easily compare coded material across different demographics or among themes. This can help you see patterns in your data and help you answer questions about your research. We can look at the intersect between *nodes* and *classification attributes*.

- a. Matrix Query Do different genders view development differently?
 - 1. Click Query Wizard on the Explore tab

The Queary Wizard opens

Note: If you choose Matrix Coding you need to create the Matrix Query without the wizard

- 2. Choose Find coding intersections between two lists of items
- 3. Click next
- 4. Click the Add Selected Items... button

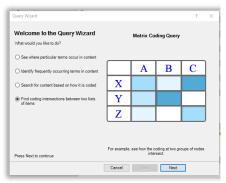
Create a row for each gender value - Female & Male only

- 5. Click the case classifications text
- 6. Expand Survey respondents then expand Gender
- 7. Select Male and Female

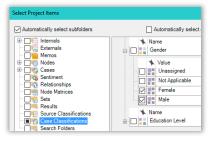
Case nodes represent attributes for people or places in the content

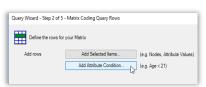
- 8. Click on OK
- 9. Click on the **Add Attribute Conditon...** button and select an Attribute if necessary
- 10. Click Next
- 11. Click Add Selected Items















11. Select the theme nodes for the Survey Data to cross tabulate in your matrix.

Theme nodes represent coded text in the content Nodes > Survey Data > Select three questions

- 12. Click on OK
- 13. Click Next
- 14. Search in: Files & Externals
- 15. Click Next
- 16. Select Add this Query to Project
- 17. Select Name and enter name e.g. Matrix Query practice
- 18. Enter Optional Description if you wish
- 19. Click on Run

If you click **OK** you don't actually query the data.

- 20. The query results are displayed in the Matrix Query Results Preview tab in the Details view
- 21. You can run the query anytime from **Search Queries** in the Navigation view pane.
- 22. To save the query results use **Save Results...** button on the Matrix Query Results Preview page (top right)

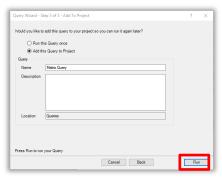
b. Viewing and amending matrix results

- 1. Click Matrix Tools Matrix Tab
- 2. Select Words Coded

The number of words coded by each gender for each question will be displayed.



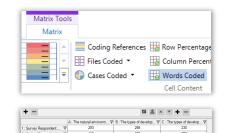










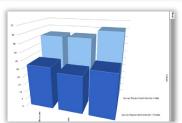




3. Double click on any number to see the coded references



- 4. Select the Matrix Query Results Preview tab
- 5. Click the Chart tab at the right side of the screen



Exercise 19.

'Word Frequency' Query

Provides an idea of potential trends at a high level.

- 1. Go to Explore tab
- 2. Click on Word Frequency
- 3. Set parameters for query

Search: Files & Externals
Display: 50 most frequent words

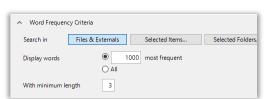
Minimum length: 3

4. Click on Run Query on the right

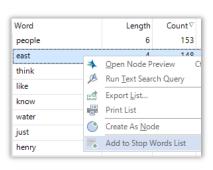
The results will be displayed. Nvivo has a built in filter to avoid filler words like it, is and that.

- 5. Click on Add to Project for future use
- a. Exclude words in query
 - 1. Right click on east in results list
 - 2. Select Add to Stop Words list
 - 3. Click on OK
 - 4. Re-run the query











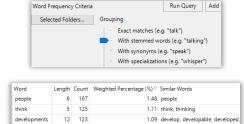


1.07 fish, fished, fishes, fishing

1.05 like liked

b. Automatic word grouping

- 1. Change grouping to With stemmed words
- 2. Re-run the query



121

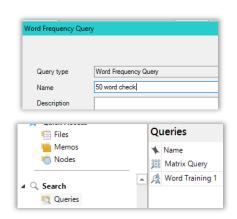
fishing

like

c. Add query to project for reuse

- 1. Click the Add to project button
- 2. Enter a name for the query
- 3. Click on OK
- 4. Navigate to **Search Queries** and view saved project queries

This is not the results, only the query settings

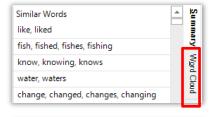


Exercise 20.

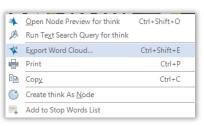
Create a Word Query

- Click on the Word Cloud tab, below the Summary, at the right of the results list
- 2. Go to the Word Frequency Query tab
- 3. Select an alternative design
- 4. Right click on Word Cloud
- 5. Select Export Word Cloud
- 6. Enter a filename
- 7. Click on Save

You will have a static image of the word cloud generated from









your text query

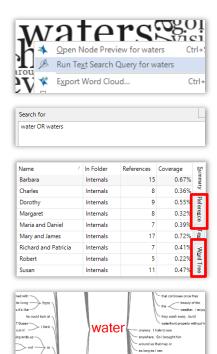
a. Single word query

- In the word cloud, right click on the word "Waters"
- 2. Select Run Text Search Query for waters
- Click on the Reference tab to see waters with more context
- 4. Click on the Word Tree tab.

The word tree groups together words which appear frequently before and after the word water

b. Word tree query

- In the Word tree, right click on the word "Quality"
- 2. Select Run Text Search Query
- 3. Click on the **Summary** tab to see where water quality in mentioned in the interviews
- 4. Click the Reference tab for more context
- Click on the Word Tree tab to see a new word tree
- 6. Click on Save Results...
- 7. Enter a name
- 8. Click on OK









Be aware the word tree is not retained when you choose Save Results... To display the word tree you have to re-run the query



Visualisation Tools

Exercise 21. Diagrams

a. Explore diagram

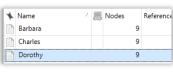
- 1. Select a Data File or Case e.g.(Dorothy)
- 2. Click Explore Diagram on the Explore tab

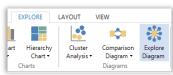
The diagram appears in details view

- 3. Click on a surrounding item
- 4. Click the **Change Focus** button on the Explore Diagram tab

Use the ribbon to see more connections

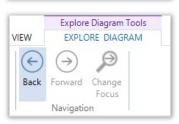
- 5. Click the back button to navigate through the diagram
- 6. Double click any item to view its content
- 7. An explore diagram is NOT stored as part of a project. To save the diagram
 - Copy and paste into a memo
 - a. Click and drag across image to select all elements
 - b. Copy: ctrl C
 - c. Click **Memo** on Create tab
 - d. Add a new memo name
 - e. Click OK
 - f. Paste: ctrl V

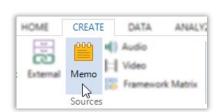














- Export as an image
 - a. Right click on diagram
 - b. Select Export Diagram
 - c. Navigate to a location
 - d. Click on Save

← Back Forward Export Diagram Ctrl+Shift+E Print Ctrl+P Copy Ctrl+C

b. Comparison diagram

A comparison diagram lets you compare two of the same type of project items, sources, nodes or cases. The comparison indicates the similarities and differences between items.

- 1. Click Comparison Diagram on the Explore tab
- 2. Select Compare Cases
- 3. Select 2 interview participants
- 4. Click on OK

The comparison doagram opens in detail view

Everyting items have in common is in the centre of the diagram. Links to item differences are shown either side of the diagram

5. Double Click any item to open and view content

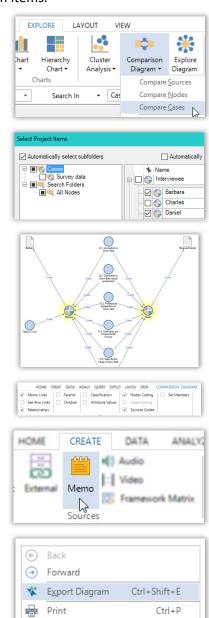
Use the tools on the Ribbon to show links you are interested in.

- 6. An comparison diagram is NOT stored as part of a project. To save the diagram
 - Copy and paste into a memo

or

• Export as an image

(See previous exercise)





Extension Exercises

Memos, annotations and links

Memos are an integral part of the research process. They are like documents or notes that can be linked to other sources or nodes. A memo can be about the entire project or it can link to a specific node or item. **Annotations** in NVIVO are like notes in the margin

See Also Links can be used as cross references between related items in your project

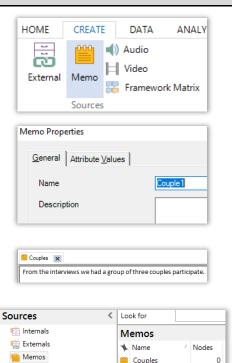
Exercise 22. Create a Memo

- 1. Click on Memo on the Create Tab
- 2. Enter a Name Couple1
- 3. Click on OK
- 4. Enter any notes relating to your source
- 5. Click Close cross on memo tab.

NVivo will automatically save whatever you type.

6. Go to Memos in Sources

The new memo will be displayed in list view

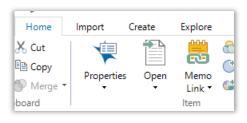


Exercise 23. Link a Memo

To link memos to a source item, go to the source item first.

Memos can only be linked to a single source item. Anything already linked will be unavailable

- 1. Go to Data Files
- 2. Click on *Maria and Daniel* in interviews
- 3. Click the **Home** tab
- 4. Click the Memo Link button
- 5. Select Link to Existing Memo
- 6. Select the Couple1 memo.
- 7. Click on OK







a. View memo or linked item

- 1. Go to Notes Memos in Sources
- 2. Select the memo with the link
- 3. Click the Memo Link icon on the home tab
- 4. Select Open Linked Item



Exercise 24. Annotations

Annotations are like margin notes you can record comments, reminders or observations. These will display with a blue highlight in the text.

a. Create an Annotation

- 1. Open a Data File interview
- 2. Select text to annotate
- 3. Go to the **Document** Tab
- 4. Click the **New Annotation** button

A number is added at the bottom of the screen for your annotation. Click on this number to navigate to the annotation.

- 5. Start typing your annotation
- 6. Click into the source content when complete Annotated text is highlighted in blue

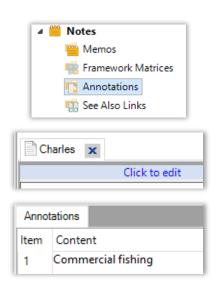
b. Edit annotations

- To see all annotations in a project click Notes Annotations in the navigator view
- 2. In List View: Double click to open a source
- 3. Select Click to Edit
- 4. In Nodes: Double click to open a node

All nodes connected to sources will be visible and annotation editing is activated automatically









Exercise 25.

Adding a "see also" link

A 'see also' link is like a cross reference to connect items in an NVivo project. These will display with a pink highlight in the text.

a. Link to an existing source

- 1. Select text to link from
- 2. Click **Document** tab See Also Link
- 3. Click New See Also Link...
- 4. Click the Select button.
- 5. Navigate to the item to link to
- 6. Select the item
- 7. Click on OK
- 8. Click on OK

The 'See Also" link will be added and link text will be pink

b. Go to See Also links - in Notes in the Navigator view

- 1. Right click on the link details
- Select Open to Item to open the linked item Or

Select **Open from Item** to open where the link was created

